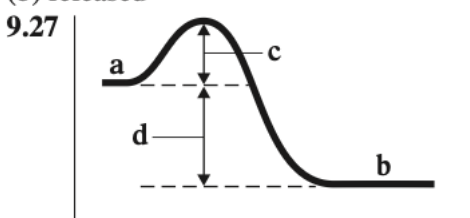


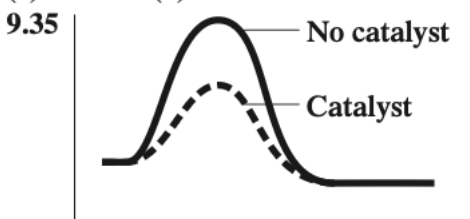
Chapter 9 9.1 (a) $X + YZ \longrightarrow Y + XZ$ (b) $X + Y \longrightarrow XY$

9.3 (a) single-replacement (b) decomposition (c) double-replacement (d) combination 9.5 (a) combination, single-replacement, combustion (b) decomposition, single-replacement (c) combination, decomposition, single-replacement, double-replacement, combustion (d) combination, decomposition, single-replacement, double-replacement, combustion

9.7 (a) +2 (b) +6 (c) 0 (d) +5 9.9 (a) +3 (b) +4 (c) +6 (d) +6 (e) +6 (f) +6 (g) +6 (h) +5 9.11 (a) +3P, -1F (b) +1Na, -2O, +1H (c) +1Na, +6S, -2O (d) +4C, -2O 9.13 (a) redox (b) nonredox (c) redox (d) redox 9.15 (a) H_2 oxidized, N_2 reduced (b) KI oxidized, Cl_2 reduced (c) Fe oxidized, Sb_2O_3 reduced (d) H_2SO_3 oxidized, HNO_3 reduced 9.17 (a) N_2 oxidizing agent, H_2 reducing agent (b) Cl_2 oxidizing agent, KI reducing agent (c) Sb_2O_3 oxidizing agent, Fe reducing agent (d) HNO_3 oxidizing agent, H_2SO_3 reducing agent 9.19 molecular collisions, activation energy, and collision orientation 9.21 total kinetic energy of colliding reactants; collision orientation 9.23 (a) exothermic (b) endothermic (c) endothermic (d) exothermic 9.25 (a) exothermic (b) released

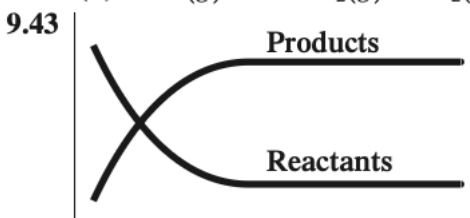


9.29 (a) As temperature increases, so does the number of collisions per second. (b) A catalyst lowers the activation energy. 9.31 The concentration of O_2 has increased from 21% to 100%. 9.33 (a) increase (b) decrease (c) increase (d) decrease



9.37 (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 3 9.39 rate of forward reaction = rate of reverse reaction

9.41 (a) $N_2(g) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2NO(g)$
(b) $2NO(g) \longrightarrow N_2(g) + O_2(g)$



9.45 Yes, the concentrations of molecules in diagrams III and IV are the same. 9.47 Diagrams II and IV; diagram III cannot be produced from the original mixture.

9.49 (a) $K_{eq} = \frac{[NO_2]^2}{[N_2O_4]}$ (b) $K_{eq} = \frac{[Cl_2][CO]}{[COCl_2]}$

(c) $K_{eq} = \frac{[CH_4][H_2S]^2}{[CS_2][H_2]^4}$ (d) $K_{eq} = \frac{[SO_3]^2}{[O_2][SO_2]^2}$

9.51 (a) $K_{eq} = [SO_3]$ (b) $K_{eq} = \frac{1}{[Cl_2]}$

(c) $K_{eq} = \frac{[NaCl]^2}{[Na_2SO_4][BaCl_2]}$ (d) $K_{eq} = [O_2]$

9.53 4.8×10^{-5} 9.55 (a) more products than reactants (b) essentially all reactants (c) significant amounts of both reactants and products (d) significant amounts of both reactants and products 9.57 diagram IV 9.59 diagram IV 9.61 (a) right (b) left (c) left (d) right 9.63 (a) left (b) left (c) left (d) left 9.65 (a) left (b) no effect (c) right (d) no effect 9.67 endothermic reaction 9.69 (a) redox, single replacement (b) redox, combustion (c) redox, decomposition (d) nonredox, double replacement 9.70 (a) redox (b) redox (c) redox (d) can't classify 9.71 (a) gain (b) reduction (c) decrease (d) increase 9.72 (a) gains (b) loses (c) loses (d) gains 9.73 (a) decrease (b) increase (c) increase (d) decrease 9.74 (a) no (b) no (c) yes (d) no 9.75 $CS_2(g) + 4H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons CH_4(g) + 2H_2S(g)$ 9.76 (a) yes (b) yes (c) no (d) yes 9.77 (a) no effect (b) right (c) right (d) right 9.78 c 9.79 c 9.80 a 9.81 b 9.82 c 9.83 b 9.84 c 9.85 d 9.86 b 9.87 d